

SERVICE AND OPERATING MANUAL Model SB1-A/SB25A

CE

(Ex) II 2GD T5

Type 4

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Composite Repair Drawing for Dual Port Options

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PLEASE NOTE!

The photos shown in this manual are for general instruction only. Your specific model may not be shown. Always refer to the parts list and exploded view drawing for your specific model when installing, disassembling or servicing your pump.

PRINCIPLE OF PUMP OPERATION

This ball valve pump is powered by compressed air and is a 1:1 pressure ratio design. It alternately pressurizes the inner side of one diaphragm chamber, while simultaneously exhausting the other inner chamber. This causes the diaphragms, which are connected by a common rod, to move endwise. Air pressure is applied over the entire surface of the diaphragm, while liquid is discharged from the opposite side. The diaphragm operates under a balanced condition during the discharge stroke, which allows the unit to be operated at discharge heads over 200 feet (61 meters) of water head.

Since the diaphragms are connected by a common rod, secured by plates to the center of the diaphragms, one diaphragm performs the discharge stroke, while the other is pulled to perform the suction stroke in the opposite chamber.

For maximum diaphragm life, keep the pump as close to the liquid being pumped as possible. Positive suction head in excess of 10 feet of liquid (3.048 meters) is not recommended. For applications with higher suction heads, consult the factory.

Alternate pressuring and exhausting of the diaphragm chamber is performed by means of an externally mounted, pilot operated, four-way spool type air distribution valve. When the spool shifts to one end of the valve body, inlet air pressure is applied to one diaphragm chamber and the other diaphragm chamber exhausts. When the spool shifts to the opposite end of the valve body, the porting of chambers is reversed. The air distribution valve spool is moved by an internal pilot valve which alternately pressurizes one side of the air distribution valve spool, while exhausting the other side. The pilot valve is shifted at each end of the diaphragm stroke by the diaphragm plate coming in contact with the end of the pilot valve spool. This pushes it into position for shifting of the air distribution valve.

The chambers are manifolded together with a suction and discharge check valve for each chamber, maintaining flow in one direction through the pump.

INSTALLATION & START-UP

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible, keeping suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce line size.

For installations of rigid piping, short flexible sections of hose should be installed between pump and piping. This reduces vibration and strain to the piping system. A Warren Rupp Tranquilizer[®] surge suppressor is recommended to further reduce pulsation in flow. Tighten all fasteners before pump startup.

This pump was tested at the factory prior to shipment and is ready for operation. It is completely self-priming from a dry start for suction lifts of 10-15 feet (3.05-4.57 meters) or less. For suction lifts exceeding 15 feet of liquid, fill the chambers with liquid prior to priming.

AIR SUPPLY

Air supply pressures cannot exceed 125 psi (8.61 bar). Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply of sufficient capacity and pressure required for desired performance. When the air line is solid piping, use a short length of flexible hose (not less than 3/4" (19mm) in diameter) between pump and piping to eliminate strain to pipes.



INSTALLATION GUIDE Top Discharge Ball or Flap Valve Unit



AIR INLET & PRIMING

For start-up, open an air valve approximately 1/2" to 3/4" turn. After the unit primes, an air valve can be opened to increase flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase flow rate, cavitation has occurred, and the valve should be closed slightly.

For the most efficient use of compressed air and the longest diaphragm life, throttle the air inlet to the lowest cycling rate that does not reduce flow.

AIR EXHAUST

If a diaphragm fails, the pumped liquid or fumes can enter the air end of the pump, and be exhausted into the atmosphere. When pumping hazardous or toxic materials, pipe the exhaust to an appropriate area for safe disposition.

This pump can be submerged if materials of construction are compatible with the liquid. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. Piping used for the air exhaust must not be smaller than 1" (2.54 cm). Reducing the pipe size will restrict air flow and reduce pump performance. When the product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.

Freezing or icing-up of the air exhaust can occur under certain temperature and humidity conditions. Use of an air dryer should eliminate most icing problems.

BETWEEN USES

When used for materials that tend to settle out or transform to solid form, the pump should be completely flushed after each use, to prevent damage. Product remaining in the pump between uses could dry out or settle out. This could cause problems with valves and diaphragms at re-start. In freezing temperatures, the pump must be drained between uses in all cases.

CHECK VALVE SERVICING

Need for inspection or service is usually indicated by poor priming, unstable cycling, reduced performance or the pump's cycling but not pumping.

Remove the six flange bolts securing the inlet and outlet flanges to the manifold. Inspect the surfaces of both check valve and seat for wear or damage that could prevent proper sealing. If pump is to prime properly, valves must seat air tight.

DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

Remove the four bolts securing the manifold flange to the chamber. Remove the eight nuts securing the outer diaphragm chamber flange and remove the chamber. Loosen the capscrew securing the diaphragm and plate to the rod by leaving the diaphragm engaged with the capscrews around the outer flange, preventing rotation of the rod. DO NOT USE A WRENCH ON THE DIAPHRAGM ROD. FLAWS ON THE SURFACE MAY DAMAGE BEARINGS AND SEAL.

During reassembly make certain that the rubber bumper is on the rod on each side. Install the diaphragm with the natural bulge outward as indicated on the diaphragm. Install the heavier plate on the outside of the diaphragm and make certain that the large radius side of both plates are toward the diaphragm. Place the sealing washer between the inner diaphragm plate and the end of the rod. Tighten the capscrew to approximately 25 ft. lbs. (33.9 Newton meters). Torque while allowing diaphragm to turn freely with plates. Except for EPDM Rubber, use a lightweight oil between plates and diaphragm when doing this procedure. Use a wrench on the capscrew of the opposite side to keep the rod from rotating. If the opposite chamber is assembled, the rod need not be held.

When reassembling the outer chambers and the manifold, the bolts securing the manifold flange to the chamber should be snugged prior to tightening the chamber bolts, to insure that the chamber port flange is square with the manifold flange. Finish tightening the manifold flange bolts after chamber bolting is secured.

AIR VALVE LUBRICATION

The SANDPIPER pump's pilot valve and main air valve assemblies are designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the preferred mode of operation. There may be instances of personal preference, or poor quality air supplies when lubrication of the compressed air supply is required. The pump air system will operate with properly lubricated compressed air supplies. Proper lubrication of the compressed air supply would entail the use of an air line lubricator (available from Warren Rupp) set to deliver one drop of 10 weight, non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM of air the pump consumed at its point of operation. Consult the pump's published Performance Curve to determine this.

It is important to remember to inspect the sleeve and spool set routinely. It should move back and forth freely. This is most important when the air supply is lubricated. If a lubricator is used, oil accumulation will, over time, collect any debris from the compressed air. This can prevent the pump from operating properly.

Water in the compressed air supply can create problems such as icing or freezing of the exhaust air causing the pump to cycle erratically, or stop operating. This can be addressed by using a point of use air dryer to supplement a plant's air drying equipment. This device will remove excess water from the compressed air supply and alleviate the icing or freezing problem.

ESADS+PLUS®: EXTERNALLY SERVICEABLE AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Please refer to the exploded view drawing and parts list in the Service Manual supplied with your pump. If you need replacement or additional copies, contact your local Warren Rupp Distributor, or the Warren Rupp factory Literature Department. To receive the correct manual, you must specify the MODEL and TYPE information found on the name plate of the pump.

The main air valve sleeve and spool set is located in the valve body mounted on the pump with four hex head capscrews. The valve body assembly is removed from the pump by removing these four hex head capscrews.

With the valve body assembly off the pump, access to the sleeve and spool set is made by removing a retaining ring (each end) securing the end cap on the valve body assembly. With the end caps removed, slide the spool back and forth in the sleeve. The spool is closely sized to the sleeve and must move freely to allow for proper pump operation. An accumulation of oil, dirt or other contaminants from the pump's air supply, or from a failed diaphragm, may prevent the spool from moving freely. This can cause the spool to stick in a position that prevents the pump from operating. If this is the case, the sleeve and spool set should be removed from the valve body for cleaning and further inspection.

Remove the spool from the sleeve. Using an arbor press or bench vise (with an improvised mandrel), press the sleeve from the valve body. Take care not to damage the sleeve. At this point, inspect the o-rings on the sleeve for nicks, tears or abrasions. Damage of this sort could happen during assembly or servicing . A sheared or cut o-ring can allow the pump's compressed air supply to leak or bypass within the air valve assembly, causing the pump to leak compressed air from the pump air exhaust or not cycle properly. This is most noticeable at pump dead head or high discharge pressure conditions. Replace any of these o-rings as required or set up a routine, preventive maintenance schedule to do so on a regular basis. This practice should include cleaning the spool and sleeve components with a safety solvent or equivalent, inspecting for signs of wear or damage, and replacing worn components.

To re-install the sleeve and spool set, lightly lubricate the o-rings on the sleeve with an o-ring assembly lubricant or lightweight oil (such as 10 wt. air line lubricant). Re-install one end cap, and retaining ring (see safety warning), on the valve body. Using the arbor press or bench vise that was used in disassembly, <u>carefully</u> press the sleeve back into the valve body, without shearing the o-rings. Re-install the spool, opposite end cap and retaining ring (see safety warning), on the valve body. After inspecting and cleaning the gasket surfaces on the valve body and intermediate, reinstall the valve body on the pump using new gaskets. Tighten the four hex head capscrews evenly and in an alternating cross pattern, at 150 in./lbs. (16.94 Newton meters).

PILOT VALVE

The pilot valve assembly is accessed by removing the main air distribution valve body from the pump and lifting the pilot valve body out of the intermediate housing.

Most problems with the pilot valve can be corrected by replacing the o-rings. Always grease the spool prior to inserting it into the sleeve. If the sleeve is removed from the body, reinsertion must be at the chamfered side. Grease the o-rings to slide the sleeve into the valve body. Securely insert the retaining ring around the sleeve. When reinserting the pilot valve, push both plungers (located inside the intermediate bracket) out of the path of the pilot valve spool ends to avoid damage.

🛕 SAFETY WARNING 🛕

To assure proper pump function and safe installation of the retaining ring, check the gap "G" dimension for full installation into the valve body grooves.



PILOT VALVE ACTUATOR

Bushings for the pilot valve actuators are held in the inner chambers with retaining rings. An o-ring is behind each bushing. If the plunger has any sideways motion, check o-rings and bushing for deterioration or wear. The plunger may be removed for inspection or replacement. First remove the air distribution valve body and the pilot valve body from the pump. The plungers can be located by looking into the intermediate. It may be necessary to use a fine piece of wire to pull them out. The bushing can be turned out through the inner chamber by removing the outer chamber assembly. Replace the bushings if pins have bent.

SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS: TROUBLE SHOOTING

Pump will not cycle

- A. Check to make sure the unit has enough pressure to operate and that the air inlet valve is open.
- B. Check the discharge line to insure that the discharge line is neither closed nor blocked.
- C. It the spool in the air distribution valve is not shifting, check the main spool. It must slide freely.
- D. Excessive air leakage in the pump can prevent cycling. This condition will be evident. Air leakage into the discharge line indicates a ruptured diaphragm. Air leakage from the exhaust port indicates leakage in the air distribution valve. See further service instructions.
- E. Blockage in the liquid chamber can impede movement of diaphragm.

Pump cycles but will not pump

- A. Suction side of pump pulling in air. Check the suction line for air leaks and be sure that the end of the suction line is submerged. Check flange bolting. Check valve flanges and manifold to chamber flange joints.
- B. Make certain the suction line or strainer is not plugged. Restriction at the suction is indicated by a high vacuum reading when a vacuum gauge is installed in the suction line.
- C. Check valves may not be seating properly. To check, remove the suction line and cover the suction port with your hand. If the unit does not pull a good suction (vacuum), the check valves should be inspected for proper seating.
- D. Static suction lift may be too high. Priming can be improved by elevating the suction and discharge lines higher than the check valves and pouring liquid into the unit through the suction inlet. When priming at high suction lifts or with long suction lines operate the pump at maximum cycle rate.

Low performance

- A. Capacity is reduced as the discharge pressure increases, as indicated on the performance curve. Performance capability varies with available inlet air supply. Check air pressure at the pump inlet when the pump is operating to make certain that adequate air supply is maintained.
- B. Check vacuum at the pump suction. Capacity is reduced as vacuum increases. Reduced flow rate due to starved suction will be evident when cycle rate can be varied without change in capacity. This condition will be more prevalent when pumping viscous liquids. When pumping thick, heavy materials the suction line must be kept as large in diameter and as short as possible, to keep suction loss minimal.
- C. Low flow rate and slow cycling rate indicate restricted flow through the discharge line. Low flow rate and fast cycling rate indicate restriction in the suction line or air leakage into suction.
- D. Unstable cycling indicates improper check valve seating on one chamber. This condition is confirmed when unstable cycling repeats consistently on alternate exhausts. Cycling that is not consistently unstable may indicate partial exhaust restriction due to freezing and thawing of exhaust air. Use of an air dryer should solve this problem.
 For additional information, con the Warron Purp Traubleshooting Guide.

For additional information, see the Warren Rupp Troubleshooting Guide.

WARRANTY

This pump is warranted for a period of five years against defective material and workmanship. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual voids all factory warranty.

RECOMMENDED WARREN RUPP ACCESSORIES TO MAXIMIZE PUMP PERFORMANCE:

- Tranquilizer[®] Surge Suppressor. For nearly pulse-free flow.
- Warren Rupp Filter/Regulator. For modular installation and service convenience.
- Warren Rupp Speed Control. For manual or programmable process control. Manual adjustment or 4-20mA reception.

For more detailed information on these accessories, contact your local Warren Rupp Factory-Authorized Distributor, or Warren Rupp corporate headquarters or visit:

www.warrenrupp.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

IMPORTANT

Read these safety warnings and instructions in this manual completely, before installation and start-up

of the pump. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



Before pump operation, inspect all gasketed fasteners for looseness caused by gasket creep. Retorque loose fasteners to

prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line. bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump.

The discharge line may be pressurized and must be bled of its pressure.

🕰 WARNING



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If

pumping a product which is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposition.

RECYCLING

Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials (see chart on page 9 for material specifications). We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.

Pump complies with EN809 Pumping Directive, Directive 98/37/ EC Safety of Machinery, and Directive 94/9/EC, EN13463-1 Equipment for use in Potentially Explosive Environments. For reference to the directive certificates visit: www.warrenrupp.com. The Technical File No. AX1 is stored at KEMA, Notified Body 0344, under Document #203040000.



A WARNING

Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves,

containers or other miscellaneous equipment must be grounded. (See page 32)



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Always make certain that all bolting is in good condition and that all of the correct

bolting is reinstalled during assembly.



🕰 WARNING

When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.

🕰 WARNING

Before doing any maintenance on the pump, be certain all pressure is completely vented from the pump, suction, discharge,

piping, and all other openings and connections. Be certain the air supply is locked out or made non-operational, so that it cannot be started while work is being done on the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn all times in the vicinity of the pump. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



loud noise hazards. Wear ear and eye protection.



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GROUNDING THE PUMP

To be fully groundable, the pumps must be ATEX Compliant. Refer to pump data sheet for ordering.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers or other miscellaneous equipment must be grounded.



To reduce the risk of static electrical sparking, this pump must be grounded. Check the local electrical code for detailed grounding instruction and the type of equipment required, or in the absence of local codes, an industry or nationally recognized code having juristiction over specific installations.

MATERIAL CODES THE LAST 3 DIGITS OF PART NUMBER

000	Assembly, sub-assembly;
	and some purchased items
010	Cast Iron
012	Powered Metal
015	Ductile Iron
020	Ferritic Malleable Iron
025	Music Wire
080	Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
100	Alloy 20
110	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
111	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
	(Electro Polished)
112	Alloy C
113	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
	(Hand Polished)
114	303 Stainless Steel
115	302/304 Stainless Steel
117	440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
120	416 Stainless Steel
	(Wrought Martensitic)
123	410 Stainless Steel
	(Wrought Martensitic)
148	Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
149	2024-T4 Aluminum
150	6061-T6 Aluminum
151	6063-T6 Aluminum
152	2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)
154	Almag 35 Aluminum
155	356-T6 Aluminum
156	356-T6 Aluminum
157	Die Cast Aluminum Allov #380
158	Aluminum Allov SR-319
159	Anodized Aluminum
162	Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
165	Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5
166	Bronze SAE 660
170	Bronze Bearing Type
	Oil Impregnated
175	Die Cast Zinc
180	Copper Allov
305	Carbon Steel Black Epoxy Coated
306	Carbon Steel, Black PTEE Coated
307	Aluminum Black Epoxy Coated
308	Stainless Steel Black PTEE Coated
309	Aluminum Black PTEF Coated
310	PVDE Coated
313	Aluminum White Enoxy Coated
330	Zinc Plated Steel
331	Chrome Plated Steel
333	Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
333	Carbon Steel Electroless
000	Nickel Plated
335	Galvanized Steel
336	Zinc Plated Vellow Brass
337	Silver Plated Steel
340	Nickel Plated
5-10	i tionor i futou

342	Filled Nylon
351	Food Grade Santoprene
353	Geolast: Color: Black
354	Injection Molded #203-40
001	Santoprene- Duro 40D +/-5
	Color: BED
355	Thormal Plastic
355	Hutrol
350	nyllei Isiaatian Maldad Dahuwathana
357	Injection Molded Polyurethane
358	
	(Some Applications)
	(Compression Mold)
359	Urethane Rubber
360	Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED
361	Nitrile
363	FKM (Fluorocarbon).
	Color coded: YELLOW
364	E.P.D.M. Rubber. Color coded:
	BLUE
365	Neoprene Rubber.
	Color coded: GREEN
366	Food Grade Nitrile
368	Food Grade EPDM
370	Butyl Rubber
	Color coded: BROWN
371	Philthane (Tuftane)
374	Carboxylated Nitrile
375	Fluorinated Nitrile
378	High Density Polypropylene
379	Conductive Nitrile
405	Cellulose Fibre
408	Cork and Neoprene
400	Compressed Fibre
425	Blue Gard
420	Vegetable Fibre
440	
405	FIDIE
500	Deirin 500
501	Delrin 570
502	Conductive Acetal, ESD-800
503	Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled
505	Acrylic Resin Plastic
506	Delrin 150
520	Injection Molded PVDF Natural
	color
540	Nylon
541	Nylon
542	Nylon
544	Nylon Injection Molded
550	Polyethylene
551	Glass Filled Polypropylene
552	Unfilled Polypropylene
553	Unfilled Polypropylene
555	Polyvinyl Chloride
556	Black Vinyl
558	Conductive HDPE
570	Rulon II

580	Ryton		
590	Valox		
591	Nylatron G-S		
592	Nylatron NSB		
600	PTFE (virgin material)		
	Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)		
601	PTFE (Bronze and moly filled)		
602	Filled PTFE		
603	Blue Gylon		
604	PTFE		
606	PTFE		
607	Envelon		
608	Conductive PTFE		
610	PTFE Encapsulated Silicon		
611	PTFE Encapsulated FKM		
632	Neoprene/Hytrel		
633	FKM/PTFE		
634	EPDM/PTFE		
635	Neoprene/PTFE		
637	PTFE , FKM/PTFE		
638	PTFE , Hytrel/PTFE		
639	Nitrile/TFE		
643	Santoprene®/EPDM		
644	Santoprene [®] /PTFE		
656	Santoprene Diaphragm and		
	Check Balls/EPDM Seats		
661	EPDM/Santoprene		
666	FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,		
	PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals		
668	PTFE, FDA Santoprene/PTFE		
Delrin a	and Hytrel are registered		
tradena	ames of E.I. DuPont.		
Gylon is	a registered tradename		
of Garlo	ock, Inc.		
Nylatro	n is a registered tradename		
of Poly	mer Corp.		
Santop	rene is a registered tradename		
of Mon	santo Corp.		
Rulon I	l is a registered tradename		
of Philli	s a registered tradename ps Chemical Co.		
Valox is	a registered tradename		
of Gene	eral Electric Co.		
PortaP	ump, Tranquilizer and SludgeMaster		
are registered tradenames			
of Warr	en Rupp, Inc.		

WARREN RUPP®



Declaration of Conformity

Warren Rupp, Inc., 800 North Main Street, Mansfield, Ohio, certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Metallic Pumps Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, Containment Duty, Gas, UL, High Pressure, W, Submersible and Tranquilizers comply with the European Community Directive 98/37/EC, Safety of Machinery. This product has used EN 809, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements harmonized standard to verify conformance.

seber

Signature of authorized person

October 20, 2005

Date of issue

David Roseberry Printed name of authorized person Engineering Manager

Title

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SERVICE AND OPERATING MANUAL Model SB1-A/SB25A

(Ex) II 2GD T5 CE

Type 4

Composite Repair Parts List

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL RQD.
1	031.039.000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
2	050.008.354	Check Ball	4
	050.008.356	Check Ball	4
	050.008.360	Check Ball	4
	050.008.363	Check Ball	4
	050.008.365	Check Ball	4
	050.011.600	Check Ball	4
3	070.012.170	Sleeeve Bearing	2
4	095.051.558	Valve Body	1
5	095.074.000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
5A	095.071.551	Pilot Valve Body	1
5B	755.025.162	Pilot Valve Sleeve	1
5C	560.033.360	O-ring	4
5D	775.014.115	Pilot Valve Spool	1
5E	560.023.360	O-ring	4
5F	675.037.080	Retaining Ring	1
6	114.007.157	Intermediate Bracket	1
	114.012.010	Intermediate Bracket (cast iron centers)	1
7	115.071.330	Mounting Bracket	1
	115.070.330	Mounting Bracket (top ported only)	1
8	132.019.360	Bumper	2
9	132.022.360	Actuator Bumper	2
10	135.034.506	Bushing	2
11	165.038.356	End Cap	2
12	165.042.157	Valve Body Cap	1
	165.042.558	Valve Body Cap (cast iron centers)	1
13	170.029.330	Hex Capscrew	16
14	170.032.330	Hex Capscrew 1/4-20 x 1.00	6
15	170.033.330	Hex Capscrew 3/8-16 x 3.25	4
16	170.045.330	Hex Capscrew	4
17	170.047.330	Hex Capscrew	6
18	170.063.115	Hex Capscrew	1
19	171.010.330	Flanged Capscrew	4
20	196.012.110	Outer Chamber	2
	196.012.112	Outer Chamber	2
	196.012.157	Outer Chamber	2
21	196.042.157	Inner Chamber	1
	196.090.010	Inner Chamber (cast iron centers)	1
22	196.043.157	Inner Chamber	1
	196.084.010	Inner Chamber (cast iron centers)	1
23	255.012.335	Pipe Coupling 3/4 NPT	1
24	286.008.354	Diaphragm	2
	286.008.356	Diaphragm	2
	286.008.360	Diaphragm	2

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL RQD.
0.4	000 000 000	Dianhrasm	0
24	286.008.363	Diaphragm	2
	286.008.364	Diaphragm	2
	286.008.365	Diaphragm	2
05	286.008.366		2
25	334.013.110	Porting Flange 1 INP1	2
	334.013.110 E	Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	2
	334.013.112	Porting Flange 1" NP1	2
	334.013.112 E	Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	2
	334.013.157	Porting Flange 1" NP1	2
~~	334.013.157 E	Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	2
26	350.002.360	Rubber Foot	4
27	360.030.426	Gasket	2
~~	360.030.600	Gasket	2
28	360.031.379	Gasket	4
	360.031.384	Gasket	4
	360.031.608	Gasket	4
29	360.056.379	Gasket	1
30	360.057.360	Gasket	1
31	360.058.360	Gasket	1
32	518.006.110	Manifold	1
	518.006.112	Manifold	1
	518.006.156	Manifold	1
33	530.036.000	Muffler	1
34	542.001.330	Square Nut	1
35	545.004.330	Hex Nut	26
36	545.005.330	Hex Nut	4
37	547.002.330	Stop Nut 1/4-20	4
38	560.001.360	O-ring	2
39	560.040.360	O-ring	2
40	560.058.360	O-ring	8
41	612.022.330	Inner Diaphragm Plate	2
42	612.101.110	Outer Diaphragm Plate	2
	612.101.112	Outer Diaphragm Plate	2
	612.108.157	Outer Diaphragm Plate	2
43	618.003.330	Pipe Plug 1/4 NPT	3
43A	618.003.110	Pipe Plug 1/4 NPT	2
	618.003.112	Pipe Plug 1/4 NPT	2
	618.003.330	Pipe Plug 1/4 NPT	2
44	620.007.114	Actuator Plunger	2
45	675.040.360	Sealing Ring	2
46	675.042.115	Retaining Ring	2
47	675.043.115	Retaining Ring	2
48	685.039.120	Diaphragm Rod	1
49	706.013.330	Machine Screw 1/4-20 Slotted	4
50	720.010.375	U-Cup Seal	2
51	722.026.580	Check Valve Seat	2
	722.047.110	Check Valve Seat	2
	722.047.112	Check Valve Seat	2
52	900.004.330	Lock Washer	10
53	901.005.330	Flat Washer	4
54	901.012.180	Flat Washer	2
55	901.035.330	Flat Washer	7
56	905.001.015	Taper Washer	4
57	286.015.604	Overlay Diaphragm	2

Composite Repair Drawing



Composite Repair Parts List for

Dual Port Suction/Single Port Discharge

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL RQD.	
17	170 047 000		0	
17	170.047.330	Hex Capscrew	3	
25	334.013.110	Porting Flange 1" NPT	1	
	334.013.110 E	Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	1	
	334.013.112	Porting Flange 1" NPT	1	
	334.013.112 E	Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	1	
	334.013.157	Porting Flange 1" NPT	1	
	334.013.157 E	Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	1	
58	334.036.110	Dual Porting Flange 1" NPT	1	
	334.036.110 E	Dual Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	1	
	334.036.112	Dual Porting Flange 1" NPT	1	
	334.036.112 E	Dual Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	1	
	334.036.156	Dual Porting Flange 1" NPT	1	
	334.036.156 E	Dual Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	1	
59	170.121.330	Hex Capscrew 5/16-18 x 5.50 long	3	

Dual Port Suction and Discharge

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL RQD.	
17	170.047.330	Hex Capscrew	3	
58	334.036.110	Dual Porting Flange 1" NPT	2	
	334.036.110 E	Dual Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	2	
	334.036.112	Dual Porting Flange 1" NPT	2	
	334.036.112 E	Dual Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	2	
	334.036.156	Dual Porting Flange 1" NPT	2	
	334.036.156 E	Dual Porting Flange 1" BSP Tapered	2	
60	170.084.330	Hex Capscrew 5/16-18 x 7.00 long	3	

¹Available in kit form. Order P/N 031-060-000 which also includes items 2, 13, 15, 31, & 45.

²Available in kit form, Air End Kit 476-103-000.

Wet End Kits for SB1-A & SB25A:

<u>Kit Number</u>	Pump Type
476-034-354	
476-034-356	SR
476-034-360	SB
476-034-363	SV
476-034-365	SN
476-034-633	SC
476-034-634	SH
476-034-635	SGN
476-034-638	SGR

Composite Repair Drawing for Dual Port Options

