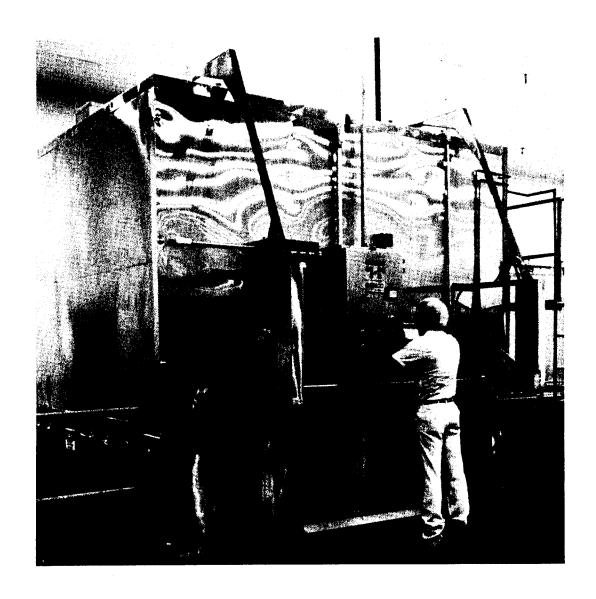
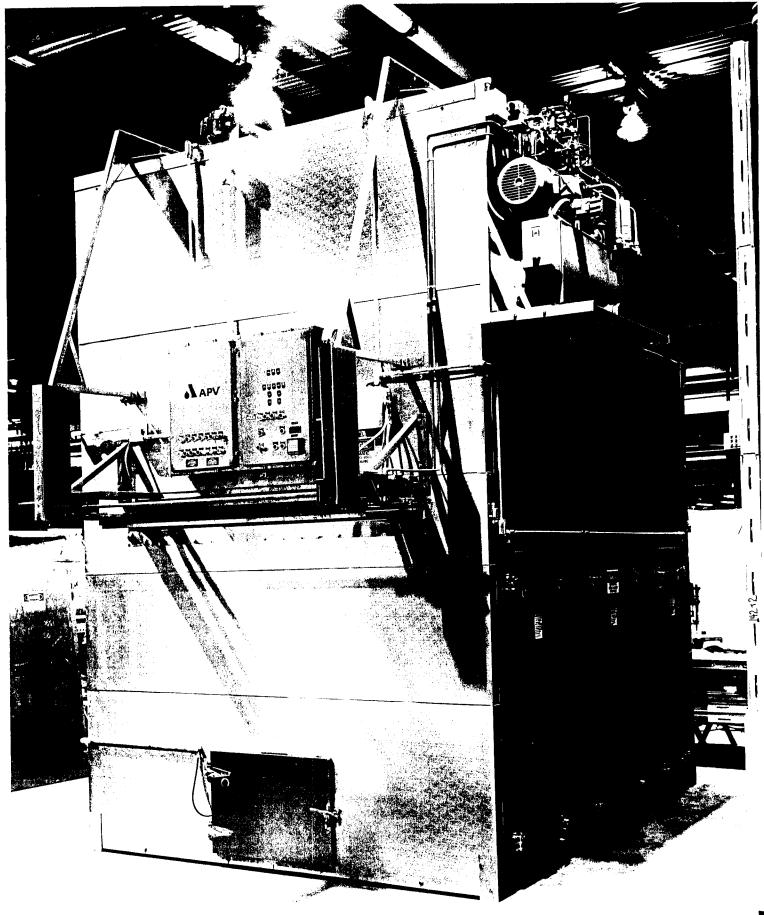


Automatic Contact Plate Freezers





More packaged product is frozen in APV Crepaco contact plate freezers than by any other method in the world.

Performance proven for over 30 years, APV Crepaco automatic contact plate freezers offer high capacity production freezing of packaged products on a continuous basis. An efficient direct double contact plate design enables these machines to rapidly freeze the product which ensures quality by minimizing shrinkage and dehydration. These units are used successfully to freeze meat, poultry, bakery products, fish, vegetables, ice cream and specialty entrees. For other applications a pilot plant test may be scheduled to demonstrate the contact plate freezing principle.

Automatic plate freezers come in a number of sizes and throughput rates to suit any continuous freezing operation. All are compact, rugged and simple to operate.

Benefits of contact plate freezing

Product Quality Preserved

The rapid freezing of the contact plate method helps maintain desired product characteristics such as texture and flavor. Much smaller ice crystals are formed within red meats, poultry and delicate seafood tissues than is possible with systems designed to freeze product at slow rates. Food cell damage is virtually non-existent. Nutrient fluids and the flavor and aroma elements, essential to retaining product identity after thawing, are largely preserved. The rapid freezing rate also circumvents the risk of product discoloration, further enhancing product acceptance at the consumer level.

Cost Savings in Energy Use

During the freezing cycle, the top and bottom of each food package is in contact with the freezing surface of the contact plate. Since the refrigerant flows through passageways in the flat aluminum freezer plates, the surface temperature in contact with the package is very near that of the refrigerant temperature. Further, the refrigerant flow is engineered to provide uniform temperatures over the entire plate area, assuring optimum freezing performance.

The combined principles of non-consumable recirculated refrigeration and direct heat absorption through intimate contact with the product surfaces provide outstanding overall freezing economy. Though many variables affect cost, long experience in providing contact plate freezers for a wide range of products indicates that this freezing method is typically less expensive than air blast or cryogenic alternatives.

Reduced Packaging Costs

In a fully loaded station comprising a single layer of package product, the top and bottom package surfaces are in direct contact with the flat freezer plate surfaces and all package sides are in contact with adjacent packages throughout the freezing cycle. The result of this is a uniformly smooth, flat-sided frozen package that stacks well; can be readily shrink-wrapped for pallet-load handling;

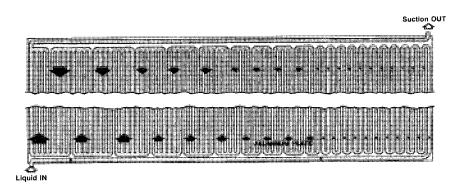
consumes minimal storage area; and provides excellent retail appearance and acceptance.

Minimal package side movement may provide the opportunity to use lower cost, nominal thickness packaging materials with no sacrifice in the appearance of the final

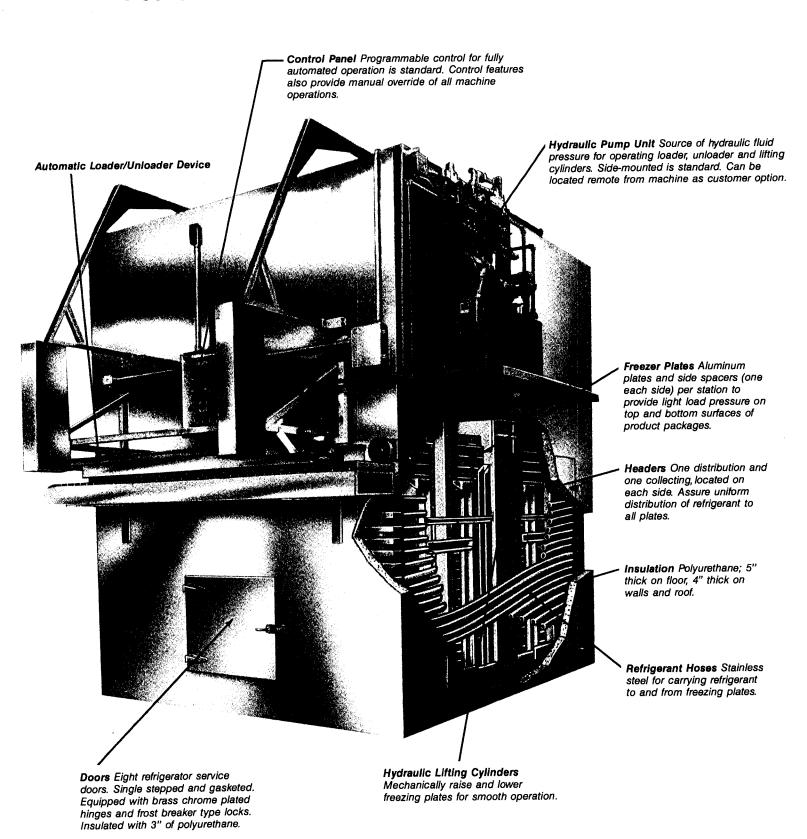
frozen product. These reductions in packaging material thickness and/or the elimination of secondary protective wrappings often contribute to added improvement in freezing performance.

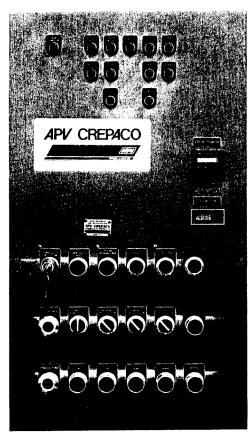
The latest in aluminum plate design

Refrigeration media is efficiently circulated through the use of progressive parallel streaming. This provides maximum saturated (wetted) refrigerated surface while maintaining the desired low pressure drop. Maximum utilization of heat exchange surface provides uniform fast freezing over the entire surface of the plate.

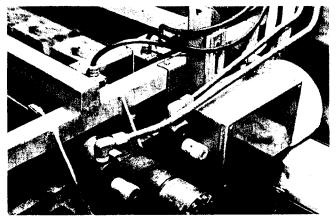


Features

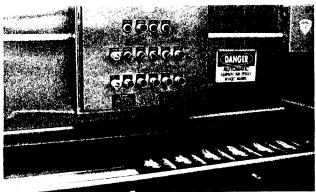




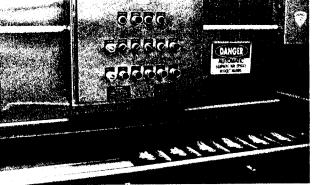
Control Panel Programmable control for fully automated operation.



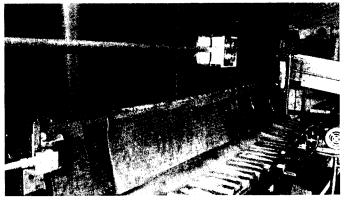
Sensor Wheel When a row of infeed (unfrozen) product is full, a non-driving sensor wheel activates the infeed pusher mechanism.



Automatic Infeed Fresh packaged product being conveyed into position just prior to being automatically infed to the freezer.



Automatic Discharge Rear of freezer showing frozen product being discharged onto independently driven conveyor assembly.





Infeed Conveyor Optional infeed conveyor for routing product to automatic infeed assembly.

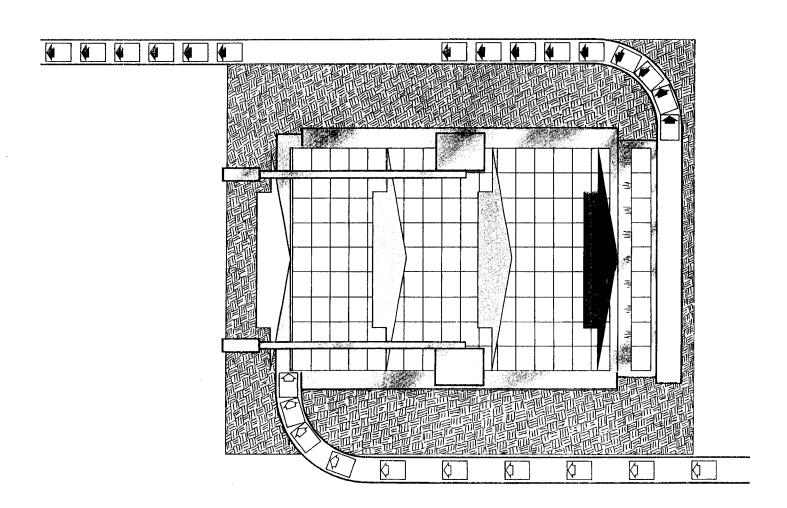
Operation

Operating on a "first in — first out" basis, packages are routed by conveyor from the filler/packaging equipment to the infeed conveyor (available as a customer option). A sensing wheel signals when a complete row of packaged product is in position and activates the automatic loader/unloader device. A full length pusher blade sweeps the row of packaged product into the front of the freezer to a predetermined depth. Succeeding rows of unfrozen packages are loaded into the first station until it is completely filled. The next freezing station is automatically moved up to position for product loading. When the last station is filled, the freezer automatically recycles, and all stations, as a single unit, are lowered to the bottom of the freezer.

Model 35 Automatic Contact Plate Freezing Operation



When the product in the first station has had sufficient residence time to be completely frozen, unfrozen product entering the first station discharges the frozen product through simple displacement.



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AMERIOMATIC AUTOMATIC CONTACT PLATE FREEZERS

It is very simple to calculate the proper number of stations required to freeze a specific sized package in the period of time determined by test or experinece.

Determine the number of packages per station by using the actual size of package to be handled and make sketches
of the plate. (Refer to example below.) Draw in the package using applicable dimensions to determine the most efficient
use of space on the plate.

Note: Plate sizes are listed by net freezing surface. Since package flaps and sides may have a slight bulge and there is no mechanism to squeeze the package together, an allowance of a few inches should be provided to compensate for this condition. In automatic freezers when the plate is full, there must be a space at the unloading end which is not greater than ½ of the package infeed dimension. This is to provide proper space for the package to tilt and slide during the unloading operation.

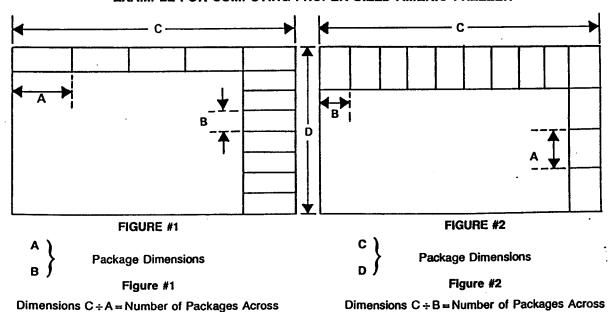
- 2. Request production rate in packages per minute.
- 3. By test curves or using experience factor, estimate freezing time. (As a general rule products such as "TV dinners, pies, etc., require about one (1) hour per inch of thickness. Ice cream and other densely packaged products do not follow this rule and require less time. When in doubt make arrangements to run a test.)
- 4. Number of stations required = Production Rate X Freezing Time in Minutes

 Packages per Station
- 5. With number of stations required as determined in number 4, refer to the Station Selection Chart on back page using the package thickness and model No. as guide.

Note: If the number of stations required is less than the number shown in the chart, specify that model freezer, but order only the number of stations required. If the number of stations required is greater, divide the maximum number of stations per freezer into the required number of stations and this will give the number of freezer units required.

As an example: if 40 stations are required and the maximum stations per unit for that package are 30, it would be best to select two (2) twenty-station units permitting the addition of the other 10 stations per unit as production requirements are increased.

EXAMPLE FOR COMPUTING PROPER SIZED AMERIO FREEZER



Use this method, determination is made on the maximum number of packages that can be handled per station. Unless customer specifies otherwise, selection should be made using layout which provides for maximum number of packages per station.

Dimensions D÷B = Number of Packages Deep

Dimensions D + D = Number of Packages Deep

Time/Temperature Freezing Performance

Listed in the chart below are products, their weight/volume, package thickness, infeed temperature, retention time and refrigeration factor. Using these figures as a guideline, the processor can approximately determine the process parameters for his product.

Considerations that affect chart use:

 Prepared foods may vary in refrigeration loads due to use of different raw materials.

- Tonnages shown in the chart are reference point figures. Actual refrigeration factors should be calculated for each condition.
- Higher temperatures at the suction side of the refrigeration will generally require an increase in product retention time.
- The discharge of product at core temperatures higher than shown and allowed to equalize may materially decrease required retention time.
- Retention time is affected by product composition, packaging technique, package type and other variables.

Product	Product	Weight or Volume	Freezing Thickness		Entering Temperature		Retention Time	Refrigeration	
Group			Inches	Cm.	12 F 14	C +	(in Minutes)	Factor #	
<u>rawasi a faran</u>	In Sauce	10 oz.	15/16	2.38		21	45-55	1.5-2.0 TR/100 II	
Vegetables	Fresh Packed in Cheese or	10 oz.	11/2-13/4	3.8	70		85-110	100-133 kcal/kg	
ŭ	Butter Sauce	40-48 oz.	2-1/2	5.35			140-180		
	Donuts-Glazed and Filled	½ Doz.	1-3/6	3.5	70	21	35-45	.83 TR/100 lb. 55 kcal/kg	
Baked Goods	Rolls - "Heat and Serve"	1 Doz.	1-1/2	3.8	80	26.5	35-45	.86 TR/100 lb:	
	Fruit Pies	10 oz.	71,-9/5	3.5	70	21	40-65	57 kcal/kg	
	Pumpkin Pie				90-110				
Prepared Foods	Pot Pies	8 oz.	1-9/18	3.97	70	21	90-110	.86 TR/100 lb. 57 kcal/kg	
riepaled roods	Meat Loaf Dinner	11 oz.	1-1/8	2.86	90	32	70-80		
	Hamburger Pattles	45 oz.	2-1/2	5.35	40 45		55-60	1.2 TR/100 lb.	
Meat Products	Hamburger Pattles	190 oz.	5	12.7			220-260	80 kcaVkg	
	Sausage Pork Link	16 OZ.	1-9/8	3.5	60	15.6	60-80	.75 TR/100 lb. 50 kcal/kg	
Fish	Whiting 5 lb. Block	60 oz.	2-1/2	6.35	40	4.5	150-170	1,25 TR/100 lb. 83 kcaVkg	
6.1	Ice Cream	1/2 Gal.	3-1/2	8.9	22	-6.5	90-100	350 BTU/Gal.	
Dairy Products	Ice Cream	½ Gal.	5	12.7	10.4-7504		140-160	23 kcaVilter	

All temperatures and retention times are based on $0^\circ F$ (-18°C) core hardness at discharge and -45°F (-43°C) plate temperature.

TR = Tons of Refrigeration

APV Crepaco, Inc. reserves the right to make changes in models, materials and specifications at any time without prior notice and without obligation to make such changes available for similar, previously manufactured machines.



 $\mathbf{y},\hat{\mathbf{y}}_{i}(s_{i}^{1},s_{i}^{2}), x, x, s_{i}^{2}$

APV CREPACO, INC. SPECIFIC DATA SHEET

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STATION SELECTION CHART AMERIOMATIC PLATE FREEZERS (Aluminum Plates)

MODEL		X	3	35	37			
DI ATE CIZE		70 x 72 in 73 ½ x 127 in (1778 x 1829) (1860 x 3225		92 x 144 in (2340 x 3658)	92 x 156 in			
	STANDARD ONE-PIECE CABINETS			(2340 x 3658) (2340 x 3962) "OVERSIZE" SEMI-KNOCK DOWN CABINETS				
NUMBER MAXIMUM PACKAGE THICKNESS				MAXIMUM PACKAGE THICKNESS				
OF STATIONS	Manage Manage			MODEL 35	MODEL 37			
10	3 ¹¹ / ₁₆ in (94)	5 ir (127)	6 ³ / ₁₆ in (158)	7 ¹ / ₂ (191)			
11	31/ ₄ in (83)	47/ ₁₆ (113)	5½ in (140)	6 ¹¹ / ₁₆ in (170)			
12	2 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ in (74)	4 in (102)	5 in (127)	61/ ₁₆ in (154)			
13	25/ ₈ in (67)	3 ⁵ / ₈ (92)		4½ in (114)	51/ ₂ in (140)			
14	23/ _s in (60)	31/ ₄ (83)		4½ in (105)	5 ¹ / ₁₆ in (129)			
15	21/ _a in (54)	3 in (76)		3³/₄ in (95)	45/ ₈ in (117)			
16	1 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ in (49)	2 ³ / ₄ (70)		31/ ₂ in (89)	4 ⁵ / ₁₆ in (109)			
17	13/ ₄ in (44)	21/ ₂ i (63))	3³/¡₅ in (81)	4 in (100)			
18	15/ ₈ in (41)	2 ⁵ / ₁₆ (58)		3 in (76)	3 ¹¹ / ₁₈ in (94)			
19	1 ⁷ / ₁₆ in (36)	21/ ₈ i (54))	2³/ ₄ in (70)	37/ ₁₆ in (87)			
20	15/ ₁₆ in (33)	2 in (50)		29/ ₁₆ in (65)	3 ¹ / ₄ in (83)			
21	11/ ₄ in (32)	17/ ₈ in . (48)		4 in 17/ ₈ in 23/ ₈ in (60)		2³/ ₈ in (60)	3 in (76)	
22	11/ ₈ in (28)	1 ¹¹ / ₁₆ in		(a in 111/ ₁₅ in 21/ ₄ in (28) (43) (57)		21/ ₄ in (57)	2 ¹³ / ₁₆ (71)	
23	1 in (25	19/ ₁₆ (40)	l	21/ ₈ in (54)	2 ¹¹ / ₁₆ (68)			
24	-	- 11/ ₂ in (38)		2 in (50)	21/ ₂ in (63)			
25		1 ³ / ₈ i (35)		1 ⁷ / ₈ in (48)	2 ³ / _s in (60)			
26	_	11/ ₄ i (32)		1 ³ / ₄ in (45)	2 ¹ / ₄ in (57)			
27	-	1 ³ / ₁₆ (30)		15/ _a in (41)	21/ _s in (54)			
28	_	11/ ₆ i (28)		1º/ ₁₆ in (40)	2 in (50)			
29		11/ ₁₆ in (27)		(27)		17/ ₁₆ in (37)	17/ ₈ in (48)	
30		1 in 13/2 in (25) (35)		(35)	1 ¹³ / ₁₆ in (46)			
31	.	- 15/ ₁₆ in (24)		15/ ₁₆ in (33)	1 ¹¹ / ₁₆ in (43)			
32		_			1 ⁵ / ₈ in (41)			
33						-	1% ₁₆ in (40)	
34	_						11/z in (38) 17/ ₁₆ in	
35		_						
36		<u> </u>			1 ⁵ / ₁₆ in (33)			
37	-			-	11/ ₄ in (32)			

APV CREPAC SPECIFIC DATA

AMERIOMATIC PLATE (Basic Dimensions, Specific

		CONNECTION SIZE		CABINET DIMENSIONS			MINIM	
		All Pipe Sizes Are Norminal WELD NECK WITH COMPANION FLANGE		Less Hydraulic Pump Unit, Loader/Unioader		including 12" (1')	MOVE	
MODEL NUMBER	REFRIGERANT					Cyl. Clearance	FULLY ASSEMBLED	
		LIQUID	SUCTION	Front	Side	Height	Front	Height
MODEL 21	NH ₃	3 in (76)	4 in (101)	9 ft 6 in (2896)	7 ft 0 in (2134)	10 ft 6 in (3200)	10 ft 0 in (3048)	7 ft 8 in (2337)
MODEL 31	NH ₃	3 in (76)	4 in (101)	10 ft 2 in (3099)	12 ft 1 in (3683)	13 ft 5 in (4089)	10 ft 6 in (3200)	12 ft 9 in (3886)
MODEL 35	NH ₃	3 in _(76)	5 in (127)	11 ft 8 in (3556)	13 ft 10 in (4216)	13 ft 5 in (4089)	12 ft 0 in (3658)	12 ft 9 in (3886)
MODEL 37	NH ₃	3 in (76)	5 in (127)	11 ft 8 in (1680)	14 ft 10 in (4521)	18 ft 0 in (5486)	N/A	N⁄A

Notes:

- A. Minimum space required for removal of plate should be equal to length of plate. If space is not available, plate may be tilted at removal in approximately one foot less space.
- B. Dimensional drawing (ADF) will be supplied per customer order.
- C. Hydraulic motor system 3/60/230—460V. unless otherwise specified. Control wiring is 1/60/115V.
- D. Consult factory if production rates require loading of station in less than one minute.
- E. Single roof mounted cylinder design adds 5 ft 2 in extension on height. For in-plant assembly, read height at cylinder.
 - *Models other than standard one-piece
 - **This Load Factor is based on lifting of

O, INC.

E FREEZERS ations & Weights)

M CHEADANCE TO		WEIGHTS (APPROXIMATE)						
M CLEARANCE TO UNIT INTO PLANT SEMI-KNOCKED DOWN			Basic Wt.*	Wt. Per Extra Station	Refrig. Wt. Per	Maximum Allowable Wt. of	Maximum Load** Rating of Freezer	
			10 Station Unit Incl. Pump		Station @100% Liquid	Product Per Station Uniform	Includes Product; Plus Refrigerant;	
Front	HEI Standard	GHT Oversize	1 3		NH ₃	Loading (14#/Sq. Ft.)	Pius Piates	
N/A	N/A	N/A	14,500# 6569 kg	275# 125 kg	60# 27 kg	500# 227 kg	15,000# 6795 kg	
10 ft 6 in (3200)	7 ft 9 in (2362)	8 ft 10 in (2692)	19,000# 8,626 kg	500# 227 kg	120# 55 kg	1,000# 453 kg	31,000# 14,075 kg	
12 ft 0 in (3658)	7 ft 9 in (2362)	8 ft 10 in (2692)	23,000# 10,440 kg	700# 318 kg	170# 77 kg	1,300# 589 kg	34,000# 15,435 kg	
12 ft 1 in (3683)	N/A	9 ft 0 in (2743)	28,000# 12,684 kg	800# 362 kg	185# 83 kg	1,400# 634 kg	40,000# 18,120 kg	

Shipping Weight

■ Basic Weight + (Extra Stations X Weight per Station)

Operating Weight

Shipping Weight + (No. of Stations X Refrigerant Weight per Station) +
 (No. of Stations X Product Weight per Station)

() = Millimeters

Approximate Export Weights and Dimensions available on application.

N/A = Not Applicable

Replacement Plates:

For additional information and details on Replacement Plates Refer to Price Sheet U-1-205.100

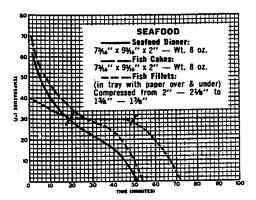
Spacer Sticks: Available per customer request.

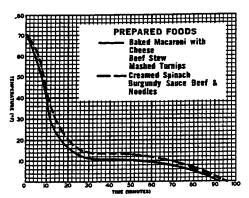
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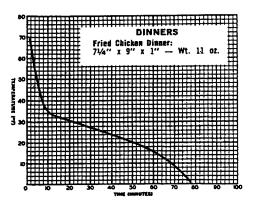
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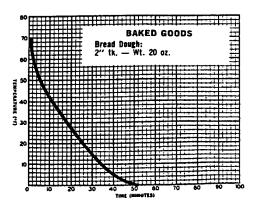
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APV CREPACO, INC. SPECIFIC DATA SHEET

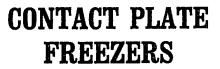


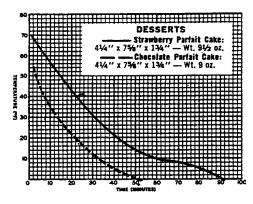


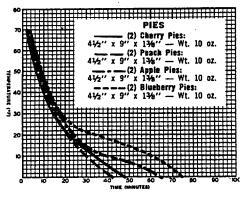


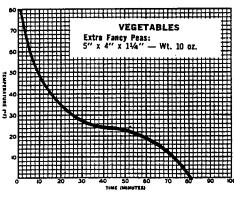


typical TIMETEMPERATURE CHARTS of products frozen in









Fast Plate Freezing means a Finer Quality Product... at a Lower Cost to You...

PROVE IT!

